

Q-SUN®

Xenon Test Chambers



Weathering Basics

Sunlight, heat and moisture cause millions of dollars in product damage every year. Cracking, crazing, hazing, fading, and yellowing can occur indoors or outdoors. With Q-SUN® xenon test chambers, you can simulate the damage caused by full-spectrum sunlight, temperature, and moisture. In just a few days or weeks, a Q-SUN tester can reproduce the damage that occurs over months or years outdoors.

Will your product last outdoors? Don't guess when you can test!



Why Q-SUN?

Realistic

Q-SUN xenon test chambers are the ultimate research & development and quality control tool for testing materials that are exposed to direct sunlight, sunlight through window glass, or indoor lighting. With a variety of models and options, you can customize your Q-SUN chamber to fit your testing needs.

Three basic models suit the xenon testing needs of any lab: the tabletop Q-SUN Xe-1, the rotating rack Q-SUN Xe-2, and the large flat-array Q-SUN Xe-3. All models are full-featured weathering, lightfastness, and photostability chambers, and meet all major industry standards.

Q-SUN test chambers are used by companies worldwide in dozens of different industries and applications to aid in the selection of new materials, the improvement of existing materials or the evaluation of how changes in formulation affect product durability.

Affordable

Q-SUN xenon arc testers are specifically designed to have the lowest total cost of ownership in the industry. Their low purchase price, low lamp price, and low operating costs set a new standard for lightfastness testing. Now even the smallest lab can afford xenon arc weathering and lightstability testing.

Easy to Operate

The Q-SUN tester's simple yet sophisticated design makes it easy to install, easy to use, and almost maintenance-free.

- > Specimen mounting and evaluations are simplified with specially-designed specimen holders.
- > All models are completely automated and can operate continuously, 24 hours per day, 7 days per week, without supervision
- > Self-diagnostic warnings and service reminders notify users when maintenance and calibration are needed
- Multicolored LED allows tester status to be viewed from a distance

Reliable and Easy to Maintain & Repair

Q-SUN subsystems are modular, easy to troubleshoot, and even easier to replace. This makes typical maintenance and repair of Q-SUN testers simple enough that it doesn't require a field technician (but we're here if you need us).

Q-Lab's Experience

Q-Lab provides the highest-quality weathering test chambers and testing services. Our scientists and engineers participate and offer leadership in ISO, ASTM, IEC, GB, and numerous other professional organizations in creating standardized weathering test methods and procedures.



Q-SUN Models

FULL-SPECTRUM XENON LAMPS

The most realistic simulation of full-spectrum sunlight.

SOLAR EYE IRRADIANCE CONTROL

Precise control for repeatable test results.

VERSATILE SPECIMEN MOUNTING

A variety of options for flat specimens and 3D specimens in Xe-1 and Xe-3 models.

CHILLER

Optional chiller for Xe-1 and Xe-3 models enables low chamber air temperatures.

CASTER WHEELS

Increases mobility when lab space is at a premium.





FLAT ARRAY OPTIONS

Q-SUN Xe-1

The Q-SUN Xe-1 is an economical, single-lamp tabletop tester with multiple capabilities. Its small scale is perfect for a lab with a limited budget or only an occasional need for testing. The Q-SUN Xe-1 tester's slide-out specimen tray is 25×46 cm (9.9" \times 18.0").

Q-SUN Xe-3

The Q-SUN Xe-3 is a full-featured, full-sized tester at a breakthrough price. It utilizes three separate xenon lamps for larger capacity. This 45×72 cm (17.8" \times 28.3") specimen tray is also useful for exposing large, three-dimensional parts or components.

Features apply to all testers, except as indicated in parentheses below. For a complete list of Q-SUN chamber capabilities, please go to page 15.

DUAL **TOUCHSCREEN DISPLAYS**

Full-color interface available in 17 languages.

XENON ARC LAMPS

Q-SUN "E" model testers provide 3000 hour lamp life.

OPTICAL FILTERS

Do not require replacement under normal use.

WATER SPRAY

Operates in light or dark cycles; available for front and back spray.

TEMPERATURE CONTROL

Black panel (insulated or uninsulated) for all models, plus chamber air temperature control for Xe-2 and Xe-3 models.

AUTOCAL CALIBRATION

Fast, easy, reliable temperature and irradiance calibration with the Universal Calibrator system.

USB PORT

Easy data transfer and software updates.

MULTI-COLOR LED LIGHT

Conveniently indicates tester status at a glance.

DURABLE -CONSTRUCTION

Painted aluminum construction will not rust.

RELATIVE HUMIDITY CONTROL

Full range of RH conditions to meet test standards (available on Xe-2 and Xe-3 only).



ROTATING RACK OPTION

Q-SUN Xe-2

The Q-SUN Xe-2 xenon tester offers a large-capacity rotating rack. It is often selected to perform weathering and lightfastness testing of textiles. It supports 31 specimens of 45×132 mm (1.8" × 5.2") each. Its single air-cooled lamp is more economical than water-cooled lamps, highly efficient, and very low maintenance. The versatile Q-SUN Xe-2 tester is the simplest, most reliable, and easiest-to-use rotating rack xenon arc tester available.



Xenon Arc Weathering Testing

Xenon arc laboratory weathering tests expose specimens to repetitive cycles of sunlight, heat, and water to simulate the forces of weathering experienced by materials in their service environments. Q-SUN xenon arc weathering testers provide a wide range of conditions to meet the testing needs for materials including plastics, coatings, sealants, textiles, photovoltaics, and more.

FORCES OF WEATHERING

Sunlight, heat, and water are the primary "Forces of Weathering" simulated in xenon arc laboratory testing. Full-spectrum sunlight is reproduced by xenon-arc lamps and modified by optical filters (see pages 8-9). Heat is provided in the form of elevated temperatures and/or temperature cycling to produce thermal shock. Water is delivered in the form of water spray, in addition to controlled relative humidity in Xe-2 and Xe-3 testers.

TEST CYCLE SELECTION

A broad array of international and OEM xenon arc test standards are available, making selection of the "right" standard a challenge. Referring to standards committees in ISO and ASTM can help select the right test designed for your application. The Q-SUN xenon test chambers are capable of running a wide variety of test standards, ranging from simple, historic test cycles like ISO 4892-2, to more complicated modern test cycles designed to better simulate real world environments like ASTM D7869.



PRACTICAL CONSIDERATIONS FOR XENON ARC TESTING

Xenon arc laboratory testing can generate valuable data about the relative performance of materials and products when performed correctly. To get the most out of testing, calibration and maintenance of onboard sensors is critical. This includes irradiance, temperature, and relative humidity sensors. Although Q-Lab's optical filters do not age, all xenon arc lamps do experience aging. Lamps will deliver less UV light over time if not replaced, even if proper calibration is performed. High-purity water is required to avoid specimen spotting and chamber degradation.

RECIPROCITY

The ability to accelerate testing is one of the key benefits of laboratory weathering testing, but this comes with limits. "Reciprocity" is the concept that increasing weathering testing factors, like irradiance or heat, can proportionally decrease the time required for testing. However, weathering degradation features many complex physical and chemical interactions, and reciprocity is typically only observed up to a limited degree of test acceleration.

OUTDOOR TESTING FOR BENCHMARK DATA

Degradation of materials depends strongly on the service environment. Tropical environments like Florida are harsh on materials due to their combination of high temperatures, abundant sunshine, and high humidity. Desert environments like Arizona feature even higher temperatures and sunlight levels but with far less moisture. Combining outdoor testing in benchmark locations with accelerated lab testing helps build a library of data for comparative analysis and ensures that your products will last in the most demanding service environments.





Standards

Q-SUN xenon arc testers meet the specifications in nearly all major international, national, and industry test standards, including tests from ASTM ISO, IEC, and GB. The ability to meet a particular test standard depends on the tester model and configuration. A partial list is provided below; refer to Technical Bulletin LX-5054 for a more comprehensive list.

GENERAL

- » ASTM G155
- » MIL-STD-810H

AUTOMOTIVE

- » ASTM D7869
- » ISO 105-B06, -B10
- » JASO M346, M351
- » SAE J2412, J2527

PAINTS

- » ASTM G6695
- » ISO 16474-2

TEXTILES

- » AATCC TM 16, 169
- » ISO 105-B02, -B04
- » Marks & Spencer C9. C9A

PLASTICS

- » ASTM D2565
- » ISO 4892-2

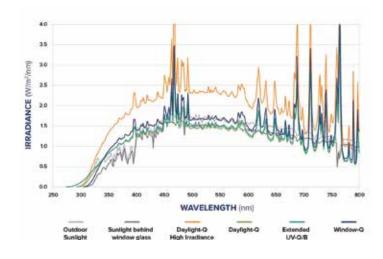
OTHERS

- » IEC 60068-2-5 (Photovoltaics)
- » ASTM D7356 (Acid Etch)
- » ASTM C1442 (Sealants)
- » ICH Guideline Q1B (Pharmaceuticals)



Sunlight Simulation

The Q-SUN testers' xenon arc lamps produce the most realistic reproduction of full spectrum sunlight, including ultraviolet, visible light and infrared radiation. For many materials, exposure to the full spectrum is necessary to provide an accurate simulation, especially when testing for color change and lightfastness.



FULL-SPECTRUM XENON LAMPS

Q-SUN xenon arc test chambers use air-cooled xenon arc lamps to significantly reduce operating and maintenance expenses. Lamp life is guaranteed for all Q-SUN models for 3000 hours at normal irradiance and 1000 hours at high irradiance. Q-SUN models Xe-1 and Xe-2 use one lamp and model Xe-3 uses three.

Changing lamps is quick and easy and does not interfere with the specimen exposure. In the Xe-1 and Xe-3, simply disconnect the plug, release one set screw, and slide out the lamp housing. In the Xe-2, the lamp is easily accessible from the top of the tester. Replacement only requires the user to open an access door, release a set screw, and remove the trigger finger. The lamp and lamp housing can then be easily lifted out of the tester.





LONG-LIFE OPTICAL FILTERS

Xenon light must be properly filtered to achieve the appropriate spectrum for each particular application. Differences in spectra may affect both the speed and the type of degradation. Three categories of optical filters are available to simulate a variety of service environments. The application or test method dictates which filters should be used.

Q-SUN optical filters are exceptionally durable and maintain the required spectrum indefinitely under normal use. For the Q-SUN Xe-1 and Xe-3, filters consist of a single pane of specially formulated glass. The Q-SUN Xe-2 tester's optical lanterns consist of an outer borosilicate or quartz glass cylinder and two sets of 7 durable inner filters, arranged in a two-tier heptagon.

Daylight Filters

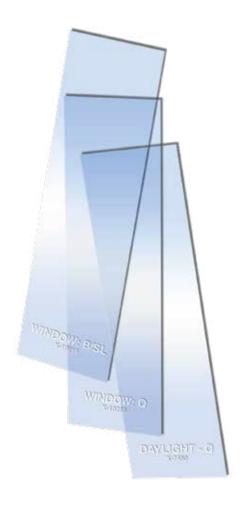
Daylight filters are used to simulate direct sunlight. They provide the best correlation to natural outdoor exposures for most applications. Materials that are typically used outdoors like roofing or exterior coatings should be tested using daylight filters. Three different types of daylight filters are available for Q-SUN xenon test chambers. Daylight-Q and Daylight-F filters meet the requirements of Type I Daylight filters as defined in ASTM and ISO standards. Daylight-B/B filters are classified as Type II Daylight filters.

Window Glass Filters

Window glass filters produce spectra equivalent to sunlight coming through window glass. This can also simulate other indoor lighting such as the harsh lighting found in a typical commercial or office environment. Window glass filters are used for indoor materials such as printing materials or textiles. Four different window glass filters are available: Window-Q, Window-B/SL, Window SF-5, and Window-IR.

Extended UV Filters

Extended UV filters transmit excess UV, below the normal cut-on of natural sunlight. They are used to produce faster or more severe test results. Extended UV filters are specified in some automotive test methods and are sometimes used for aerospace applications. There are two available Q-SUN filters of this type: Extended UV-Q/B and Extended UV-Quartz.



SOLAR EYE IRRADIANCE CONTROL

All Q-SUN xenon test chambers are equipped with SOLAR EYE irradiance control, a patented, precision light control system. The SOLAR EYE system allows the user to choose the desired level of irradiance. It automatically monitors and maintains the programmed light intensity. Irradiance is monitored and controlled at 340 nm, 420 nm, or TUV (Total UV).



Environmental Simulation

MOISTURE

Moisture in the form of water spray, condensation, and humidity is critical for testing many materials. All Q-SUN models are available with optional water spray and both the Xe-2 and Xe-3 models offer standard control of relative humidity.

WATER SPRAY

The damaging effects of outdoor moisture attack are simulated by direct, pure water spray. The spray can be programmed to operate during either the light or dark periods and can be useful for creating thermal shock and/or mechanical erosion.

RELATIVE HUMIDITY

The Q-SUN Xe-2 and Xe-3 models come standard with relative humidity control. Humidity can affect degradation when the material becomes physically stressed while attempting to maintain moisture equilibrium with its surroundings. Relative humidity also influences the rate at which a specimen dries. Controlled humidity is required in a number of widely used test methods.

WATER PURITY

In Q-SUN testers with water spray, highly-purified deionized water is necessary to prevent water spotting. Suspended silica is the major cause of specimen spotting. Recommended specifications are <0.2 µS conductivity and <0.1 ppm silica. To conserve expensive purified water, an advanced water repurification system is an available option.

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EXCEPTIONAL REALISM

Specimens exposed in a Q-SUN Xe-1 and Xe-3 are mounted in a near-horizontal orientation. During and after a water spray cycle, a significant amount of water can remain on the surface of the specimen for an extended period of time. This mimics the natural service condition for many products such as automotive coatings and components, wood coatings, plastic lumber, and some roofing materials.

TEMPERATURE

Control of temperature is important because it significantly influences the rate of degradation. Specimen exposure temperature is precisely controlled in all Q-SUN xenon chambers using a black panel temperature sensor.



BLACK PANEL

A black panel thermometer is used to control temperature in the Q-SUN test chamber. Due to its black coating that absorbs all wavelengths uniformly, it provides an estimate of the maximum temperature of specimens in the chamber. Black panel temperatures can be controlled at any point between 25 °C and 120 °C (77 °F to 248 °F) depending upon the irradiance level, lamp age, ambient room temperature, black panel sensor, and specific tester model. Both insulated or uninsulated sensors (black standard or black panel) are available.

CHAMBER AIR TEMPERATURE

In both the Q-SUN Xe-2 and Xe-3 models, chamber air temperature can also be controlled simultaneously with black panel to give the ultimate control of specimen temperature. The low-cost, disposable sensor also monitors and controls relative humidity. In the Xe-1, either chamber air or black panel temperature must be selected.

LOW-TEMPERATURE TESTING

For some interior products such as pharmaceuticals and cosmetics, lower exposure temperatures are necessary to prevent unnatural degradation. An optional chiller is available for these applications.

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Operation

Q-SUN xenon test chambers are extremely simple to operate. Specimen mounting and evaluations are simplified with specially designed specimen holders. Programming is intuitive. All models are completely automated and can operate continuously, 24 hours per day, 7 days per week.

SPECIMEN MOUNTING

Specimens exposed in a Q-SUN Xe-1 and Xe-3 are mounted in a nearly horizontal orientation. This flat specimen mounting system offers the flexibility to test many sizes, shapes and types of specimens. The Q-SUN Xe-2 rotating rack positions specimens vertically. This configuration is ideal for testing thin, flat specimens such as textiles, paints and coatings. Standard holders are available in a number of sizes to accommodate a variety of different specimens. Bottle holders, textile holders and special mountings for three-dimensional (3D) specimens are also available.





Calibration & Maintenance

Q-SUN chambers are equipped with a number of on-board sensors to monitor and control the environment inside the chamber. All Q-SUN sensors need to be calibrated or replaced periodically to ensure accurate and consistent results. This process is simple and inexpensive in a Q-SUN tester.

IRRADIANCE

The Q-SUN tester's on-board SOLAR EYE irradiance sensor needs to be calibrated periodically by the user to assure accurate and consistent results. With the patented AUTOCAL system, calibrating the Q-SUN tester is simple using the Universal Calibrator system's UC20 calibration radiometer, and takes only a few minutes. UC20 devices come with a 340 nm, 420 nm, or 300-400 nm TUV (Total UV) sensor and must match the type of sensor actually used in the Q-SUN tester.

Calibration of the UC20 radiometers needs to be performed annually. The UC20 Smart Sensors were designed to be disposable and cost-efficient, and should be replaced annually with a freshly-calibrated UC20. Smart Sensors may also be returned for calibration for users who prefer recalibration to replacement.

Our calibration labs are accredited by A2LA and UKAS for ISO 17025. Additionally, our field calibration is 17025 accredited.

MAINTENANCE

The Q-SUN controller includes complete selfdiagnostic error checking. The controller constantly monitors the status and performance of all systems. It also displays simple warning message and routine maintenance reminders and performs safety shutdown, as needed. Typical maintenance items are lamps, sensor calibrations and inexpensive air filters.

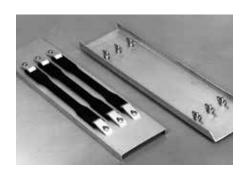


TEMPERATURE & RELATIVE HUMIDITY

All Q-SUN black panel temperature sensors need to be calibrated periodically by the user to assure accurate and consistent results. Calibrating the black panel temperature sensor is simple using a the Universal Calibrator system's UC202 calibrated temperature sensor. UC202 thermometers come with either an uninsulated black panel or insulated black panel sensor. The chamber air temperature sensor in an Xe-2 and Xe-3 is inexpensive and requires replacement once per year. An optional Chamber Air Temperature sensor is available for the Xe-1 tester. RH control is standard in Xe-2 and Xe-3 models. These models simultaneously control, monitor, and display relative humidity, black panel temperature, and chamber air temperature.



Accessories & Options



CHILLER



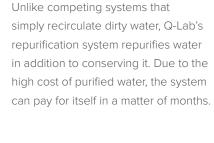
Holders are available in a number of sizes to accommodate traditional flat specimens. like panels and plaques. Bottle holders, textile holders, and special mountings are also available for the Q-SUN Xe-1 and Xe-3. 3-D specimens can be placed directly on the specimen tray and in many cases do not require a specimen holder.

SPECIMEN HOLDERS

A chiller is available for both the Xe-1 and Xe-3. It is used to lower temperatures when testing temperature-sensitive materials. The Xe-1 with chiller is configured so that the chiller is essentially a "permanent stand" for the tester. For an Xe-3, the chiller is a separate unit that

requires additional floor space.

WATER PURIFICATION





DUAL SPRAY

WATER IMMERSION



Dual spray is available for the Xe-3 only. It allows a second liquid solution, such as an acid rain or soap solution, to be sprayed onto test specimens. The system consists of a large external reservoir, centrifugal pump, and a filter.

The Xe-1-WE xenon test chamber performs weathering testing of specimens immersed in a temperature-controlled water bath, as required by such international standards as ISO 16474-2 and ETAG 002. This tester features an automatically-controlled water fill and drain system, precise temperature control, and an integral water repurification and monitoring system.

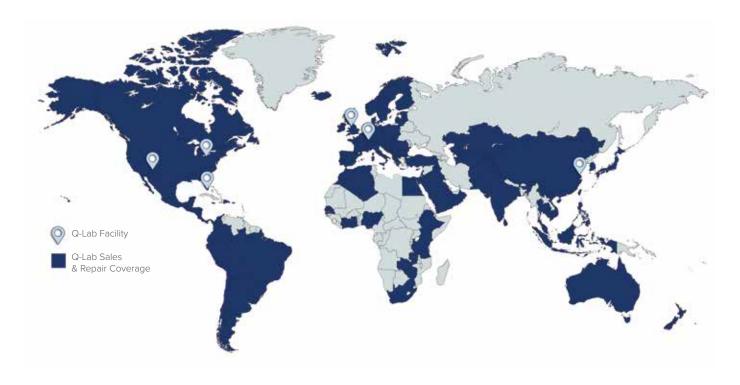
BACK SPRAY

Back spray is required by some SAE test methods; it allows water to be sprayed on both the front and back side of specimens simultaneously. A water repurifcaiton system is ideal for back spray configurations.

Summary

StandardOptional

Feature	Xe-1	Xe-2	Xe-3
Chamber Type	Flat Array	Rotating Rack	Flat Array
Specimen Capacity	17	31	55
Specimen Orientation	10°	90°	10°
3D Specimen Capability	•	-	•
Dual Touch-Screen Displays in 17 Languages	•	•	•
Full Spectrum Xenon Arc Lamps	1	1	3
Longer Lamp Lifetimes and/or Higher Irradiance	•	•	•
Long-Life Optical Filters	•	•	•
Type I and Type II Daylight Filter Options	•	•	•
SOLAR EYE Irradiance Control (340 nm, 420 nm or TUV)	•	•	•
Black Panel Temperature Control	•	•	•
Chamber Air Temperature Control	•	•	•
Relative Humidity Control	_	•	•
Programmable Water Spray	0	•	•
AUTOCAL Calibration	•	•	•
UC20 Calibration Radiometer	0	•	•
UC202 Calibration Black Panel Thermometer	•	•	•
Water Repurification System	0	•	•
Chiller	•	_	•
Water Immersion	0	_	-
Dual Spray	_	_	•
Back Spray	_	•	•
USB Port for Software Updates and Tester Data Acquisition	•	•	•





OUR GLOBAL NETWORK

We are committed to provide world-class technical, sales, and repair support in each of the 120 countries in which we operate. Visit **Q-Lab.com/support** for contact information specific to your location and inquiry type.

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